Cost Implications of New Kidney Allocation Policy

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I have no financial relationships to disclose within the past 12 months relevant to my presentation.

<u>AND</u>

My presentation does not include discussion of off-label or investigational use.

I do not intend to reference unlabeled/unapproved uses of drugs or products in my presentation.

Kidney Donor Profile Index (KDPI)

KDPI Variables

- •Donor age
- Height
- •Weight
- •Ethnicity
- History of Hypertension
- •History of Diabetes
- •Cause of Death
- •Serum Creatinine
- •HCV Status
- •DCD Status



Estimated Graft Survival Rates by KDPI

KDPI values now displayed with all organ offers in DonorNet®



Major Proposed Changes by Run

Proposed Change	N1	N2	N3	N4
Enhanced definition of waiting time to		X	Х	Х
include pre-listing time since initiation of				
dialysis				
A ₂ /A ₂ B donor to B candidates priority		Х	Х	Х
Longevity matching (based on KDPI and EPTS)			Х	Х
CPRA sliding scale point assignment			Х	Х
National Priority for CPRA>=98%			Х	
Tiered Priority for CPRA>=98%				Х
Regional sharing for kidneys with KDPI scores			Х	Х
>85%				

N1 represents simulation of the allocation rules as they existed in 2010.



Economic Analysis Methods

- Markov model based on previous studies
- Outcomes and patient distributions drawn from KPSAM
 - N1 & N4: 80/20
 - Waiting time to Transplant, Death without Transplant, RTD posttransplant, Death post-transplant, Death following RTD
- Cost from linked OPTN & Medicare data
 - Costs specific to 80 & 20
 - Costs for each transition and state





Cumulative TX Incidence: N1



Cumulative TX Incidence: N4



Return to Dialysis Post-transplant: N1



Return to Dialysis Post-transplant: N4



Inside the Markov Model: Waitlist

					List and		
			List Alive	List &	Delist		
		Surviving	% of	Delist	Death		
'ears	Delisted	Delisted	Cohort	Death	This Year	ТΧ	D
0	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	
1	3%	3%	83%	1%	1%	13%	
2	5%	5%	70%	3%	2%	22%	
3	8%	6%	59%	5%	2%	30%	
4	9%	7%	49%	8%	3%	36%	
5	11%	7%	43%	10%	2%	40%	
6	12%	7%	37%	12%	2%	43%	
7	13%	8%	33%	15%	3%	45%	
8	14%	8%	29%	16%	2%	47%	
9	15%	7%	26%	19%	2%	48%	
10	16%	7%	24%	20%	2%	48%	
11	17%	7%	22%	22%	2%	48%	
12	17%	7%	21%	24%	2%	49%	
13	18%	6%	19%	25%	2%	49%	
14	18%	6%	18%	27%	1%	50%	
15	19%	6%	16%	28%	1%	50%	
16	20%	6%	15%	29%	1%	50%	
17	20%	5%	14%	30%	1%	50%	
18	20%	5%	13%	31%	1%	50%	
19	21%	5%	12%	33%	1%	51%	
20	21%	5%	11%	34%	1%	50.73%	

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Inside the Markov Model: Waitlist

					List and		
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		Surviving	% of	Delist	Death		
'ears	Delisted	Delisted	Cohort	Death	This Year	ТΧ	D
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2	5%	5%	70%	3%	2%	22%	
3	8%	6%	59%	5%	2%	30%	
4	9%	7%	49%	8%	3%	36%	
5	11%	7%	43%	10%	2%	40%	
6	12%	7%	37%	12%	2%	43%	
7	13%	8%	33%	15%	3%	45%	
8	14%	8%	29%	16%	2%	47%	
9	15%	7%	26%	19%	2%	48%	
10	16%	7%	24%	20%	2%	48%	
11	17%	7%	22%	22%	2%	48%	
12	17%	7%	21%	24%	2%	49%	
13	18%	6%	19%	25%	2%	49%	
14	18%	6%	18%	27%	1%	50%	
15	19%	6%	16%	28%	1%	50%	
16	20%	6%	15%	29%	1%	50%	
17	20%	5%	14%	30%	1%	50%	
18	20%	5%	13%	31%	1%	50%	
19	21%	5%	12%	33%	1%	51%	
20	21%	5%	11%	34%	1%	50.73%	





Cost-effectiveness N1/N4

	Lifetime Average Discounted Cost	Lifetime Average Discounted QALYs	Cost- effectiveness Ratios \$/QALY	Incremental Cost- effectiveness Ratio
N1	\$342,799	5.42	\$63,775	
N4	\$341,035	5.39	\$63,271	
Difference	-\$1,764	-0.03	-\$504	
ICER N1/N4				\$60,540

Total Cost Savings Year 1: \$230,000,000 Following Years: \$47,000,000



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Conclusions

- N1 -> N4
 - Cost Saving
 - \$230,000,000 Year 1
 - \$47,000,000 Following Years
 - Slight Outcome Loss
- KPSAM predicts more discards under N4
 - Is this realistic
 - If not: >> Cost Savings with Improved Outcomes
- Outcomes Primarily Accrue to Private Payer Patients
- Cost Savings Primarily Accrues to Medicare

