

SCIENTIFIC
REGISTRY OF
TRANSPLANT
RECIPIENTS

Associations of Marijuana Use History With Progression From Living Donor Candidate Evaluation to Approval: Analysis of the US SRTR Living Donor Collective

K.L. Lentine¹, A. Waterman², Y. Ahn³, D. Brennan⁴, P. Dean⁵, A. Duarte-Rojo⁶, V. Fleetwood¹, M. Doshi⁷, D. Segev⁸, M. Levan⁸, A. Rossi⁹, A. Matas¹⁰, D. LaPointe Rudow¹¹, W. McKinney³, F. Al Ammary¹², K. Siegert³, C. Nystedt³, J. Snyder³, A. Hart¹³

¹Saint Louis Univ., Saint Louis, MO; ²Houston Methodist, TX; ³SRTR, MN; ⁴Johns Hopkins, MD; ⁵ Mayo Clinic, MN; ⁶Northwestern, IL; ⁷Univ. of Michigan, MI; ⁸NYU, NY; ⁹Piedmont, GA; ¹⁰Univ. of Minnesota, MN; ¹¹Mount Sinai, NY; ¹²UC Irvine, CA; ¹³Hennepin Healthcare, MN

Disclosures

Krista Lentine, MD, PhD
Professor
SSM Health Saint Louis University Hospital, St. Louis, MO, USA

Funding

Research support – NIDDK; Mid-America Transplant Foundation

Disclosures

Speaker honoraria – Sanofi

- Consulting fees CareDx
- SRTR Senior Staff | Scientific Director, Living Donor Collective
- Volunteer Service Past Chair, AST Living Donor Community of Practice; Co-Chair: National Living Donor Assistance Center Advisory Group; ASN Policy & Advocacy Committee; NKF Transplant Advisory Committee

AND

My presentation does not include discussion of off-label or investigational use.

This work was supported wholly or in part by HRSA contract 75R60220C00011. The content is the responsibility of the authors alone and does not necessarily reflect the views or policies of the Department of HHS, nor does mention of trade names, commercial products, or organizations imply endorsement by the U.S. Government.



Background



 The legalization of cannabis for recreational and medical use in many US states has prompted relaxation of living donor (LD) candidate acceptance criteria in relation to marijuana use (MU).

 The impact of MU on progression from LD candidate evaluation I donation remains unclear.



Aims & Data Source

- Aims: to assess patterns and reasons for LD candidate non-approval according to MU history.
- Data Source: The Scientific Registry of Transplant Recipients (SRTR)
 Living Donor Collective (LDC), a novel LD candidate registry in the US

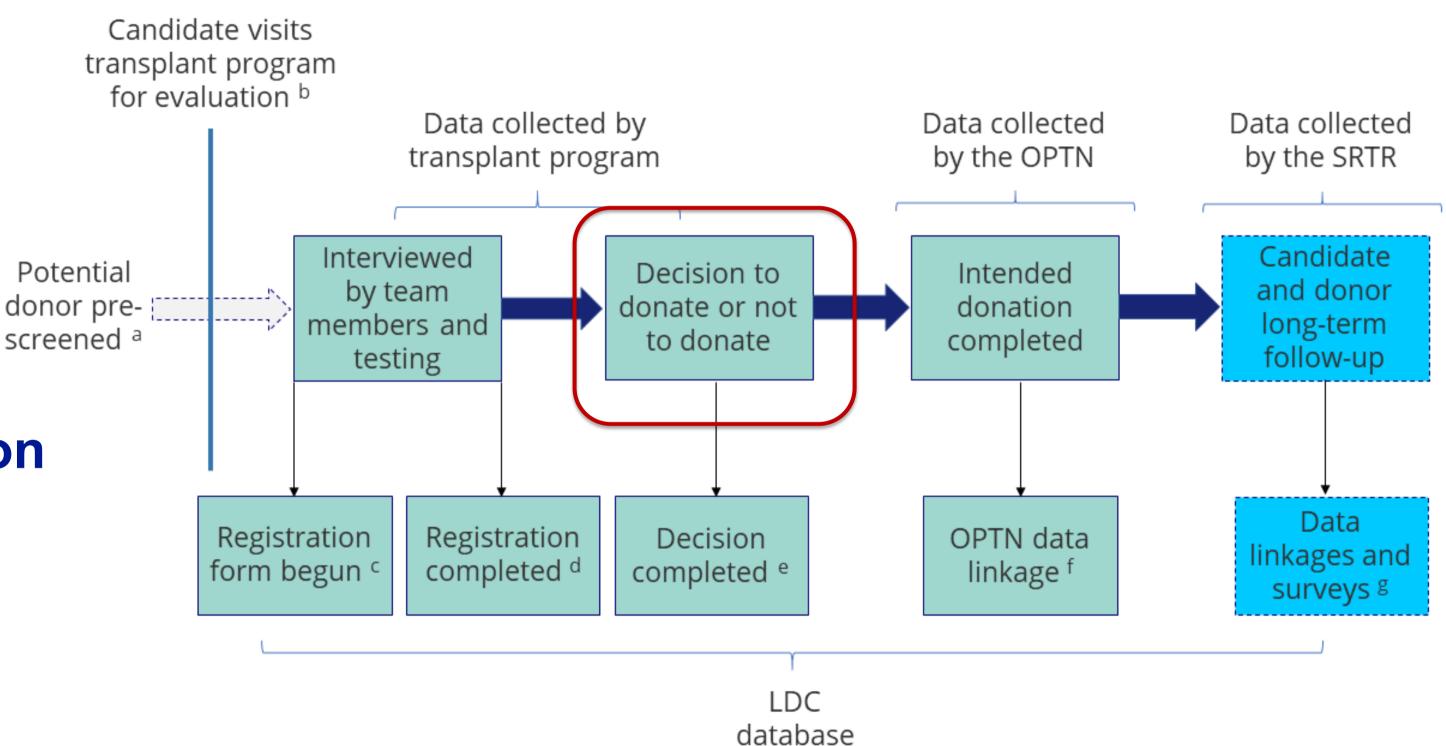


LDC Registry Design

An SRTR Initiative

Includes LD candidate registration information

Donation decision



Methods: Exposure & Outcomes

- LD candidates underwent evaluation at **10 US kidney** and **6 US liver centers** (June 1, 2018–November 30, 2024).
- MU history defined as past or current use.
- The outcome of candidate evaluation was categorized as "approved" or "not approved/withdrawal."
 - Non-approval reasons include: chronic kidney disease, medical risk, anatomical, psychosocial, economic, LD candidate withdrawal, recipient reason, or other (multiple reasons permitted).

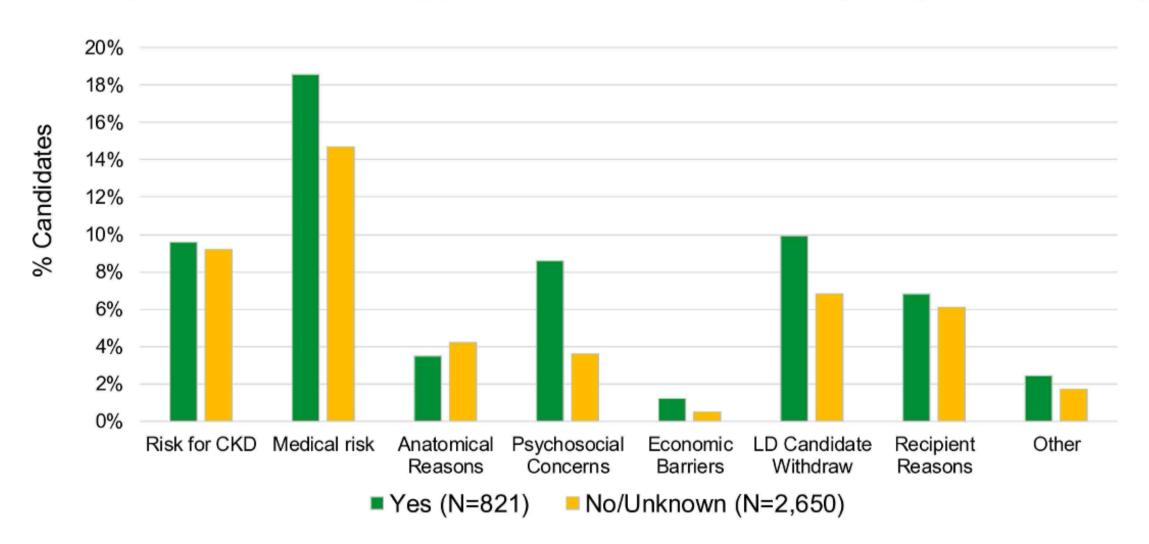
Results: MU History & Lower Odds of LD Approval

- Among 4,554 evaluated LD candidates (3,471 kidney and 1,083 liver) with a finalized donation decision, MU history was reported in 23.6% of kidney and 29.1% of liver LD candidates.
- In multivariate regression adjusted for age, sex, race, marital status, education, health insurance, and employment, **MU history**
 - 25% lower odds of kidney LD approval (adjusted OR, 0.75; P<.0001)
 - trend toward 20% lower odds of liver LD approval (aOR, 0.80; P=.11)

Results: Kidney LD Candidates

- Among kidney LD candidates, reasons for non-donation varied by MU history (*P*<.001).
- In those with vs without MU history:
 - Medical risk was cited in 18.6% vs 14.7%
 - Psychosocial concerns in 8.6% vs
 3.6%
 - LD candidate withdrawal occurred in 9.9% vs 6.8%

Kidney LD Candidate Non-Approval / Withdrawal Patterns, by Marijuana Use History

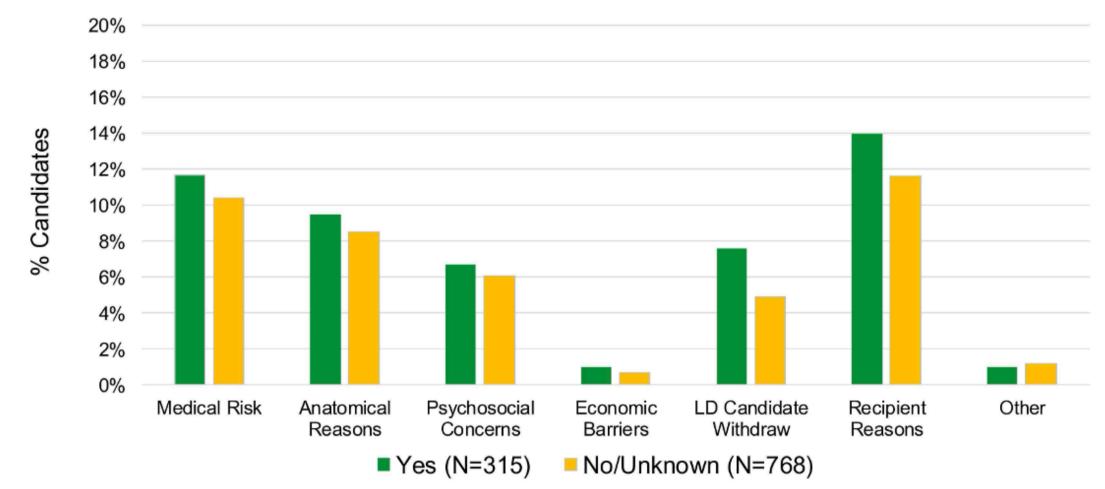


Results: Liver LD Candidates

- Among liver LD candidates, the largest differences in those with vs without MU history were seen in:
 - LD candidate withdrawal (7.6% vs 4.9%)
 - Recipient reasons (14.0% vs 11.6%

(P>.05).





Limitations

- Exposure misclassification possible: MU history was identified by centers possible underreporting or capture of highest use. Past and current not distinguished in the data.
- Lack of quantitative MU assessment: No data on frequency, duration, dose, method of consumption, or timing relative to evaluation.
- Center-level variation: Differences in center practices may affect both exposure measurement and outcomes.
- Potential unmeasured confounders: Despite adjustment for sociodemographic factors, factors such as mental health diagnoses, concomitant substance use, and center-specific psychosocial evaluation practices could influence associations.
- Observational design limits causal inference: Associations between MU history and approval or withdrawal may reflect correlated factors rather than direct effects of MU.



- LD candidates with MU history have disproportionately higher rates of non-approval and withdrawal
- Kidney donation: Higher rates of medical risk, psychosocial concerns, and candidate withdrawal among MU users
- Liver donation: Increased candidate withdrawal among MU users, with trends toward recipient-driven reasons
- Implications: Patterns highlight potential modifiable barriers & needs, such as
 - Candidate education
 - Center-specific evaluation practices
 - Need for supportive interventions addressing psychosocial risks





- Caution in interpretation: Findings should be interpreted carefully given limitations in MU measurement and possible residual confounding.
- Further research should explore medical and psychosocial profiles associated with MU to better tailor supports to address modifiable barriers to donation.



Transplantation

Director Jon Snyder, PhD, MS

Deputy Director Allyson Hart

Surgical Director Ryutaro Hirose, MD

Medical Director Roslyn Mannon, MD

Program Manager Caitlyn Nystedt, MPH, PMP

Marketing & Comm. Mona Shater, MA

Amy Ketterer

Tonya Eberhart

Project Managers Bryn Thompson, MPH

Katie Siegert, MPH

Avery Cook, MPH, MSW

Medical Editor Anna Gillette

Research Office Manager Sydney Kletter Sharma

Sr. Manager, Biostatistics David Zaun, MS

Biostatisticians Jon Miller, PhD, MPH

Grace Lyden, PhD

Maria Masotti, PhD

David Schladt, MS

Yoon Son Ahn, MS

Nick Wood, PhD

IT, Web, Database, Simulation Ryan Follmer

Patrick Johnson

Dan Larson

Joshua Pyke, PhD

Eugene Shteyn, MS

Tim Weaver, MS

